Circadian Tracker

| | Wake time | Woken by alarm clock Y/N ? | What time did you go to sleep? | What time did you take your FIRST bite/sip of the day (other than water) | What time did you take your LAST bite/sip of the day (other than water) | What time did you shut off all screens? | What time did you exercise? |
|-----------|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Monday | | | | | | | |
| Tuesday | | | | | | | |
| Wednesday | | | | | | | |
| Thursday | | | | | | | |
| Friday | | | | | | | |
| Saturday | | | | | | | |
| Sunday | | | | | | | |

Circadian Tracker



CONSISTENCY

- If all six times change by +/- 2 hours or more over the course of the week (between workdays and off days), you have a lot of room for improvement. You will easily find at least one category to fix.
- Sometimes fixing one category will automatically bring a few others to within an appropriate range.

SLEEP

- Look at the total number of hours you spend sleeping each day. The National Sleep Foundation recommends adults get at least 7 hours per night.
- If you are sleeping les and you are feeling tired in the morning, the first thing you should work on is getting to bed earlier or figuring out a schedule that allows for at least 30 more minutes of sleep in the morning.
- If you sleep more than 7 hours and still feel sleepy when you wake, its likely your sleep quality is not up to mark.

EATING WINDOW – WHEN YOU EAT

- Look at the total number of hours your stomach is at work.
- Your stomach should not be working for more than 12 hours, so a max eating window of 12 hours. Ideally a 8 or 10 hour eating window is encouraged as the benefits double every additional 2 hours and you will reap the most benefits

EAT TO BED TIME GAP

• Compare your last bite/sip with your bedtime. The difference ideally should be 3 hours or more.